

Digest of Statistics 2006



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The main purpose of these statistics is to give a broad overall perspective of the museums, libraries and archives sector in England.

In some tables, historical data are included for comparison.

Where necessary, incomplete data have been grossed up to give estimates for the whole of England, which allows comparisons over time. Figures in italics are based on relatively sparse data sets, necessitating a considerable degree of estimation. A dash (–) indicates data were not available at the time of compilation.

All data are for **England** only unless stated otherwise.

Cover photographs – © MLA: Museums, Libraries and Archives Council 2006.

Number of Institutions

Number of museums

Central government funded	65
Local authority	608
Higher education	93
Government agency	53
Independent	855
Private	164
Other	114
Total	1,952

Source: Museums Association, 2006

Number of museums in MLA Accreditation Scheme	1,446
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Source: From MLA (October 2006)

The Museums Association agreed a definition for museums (to include art galleries) in 1998:

“Museums enable people to explore collections for inspiration, learning and enjoyment. They are institutions that collect, safeguard and make accessible artefacts and specimens, which they hold in trust for society.”

Categories are based on sub-domain breakdown used in the 2004 MLA report *Overview of Data in the Museums, Libraries and Archives Sector*:

Central government funded Museums that receive core funding from central government. Includes ‘nationals’ and military museums.

Higher education Museums associated with the UK’s universities, university departments or other higher education institutions.

Local authority Museums that receive core funding from one or more local authorities. May be managed by the local authority, or by another organisation on its behalf.

Government agency Museums that receive core funding from a government agency. Includes English Heritage.

Independent Museums that are managed outside the traditional frameworks of central or local government and which are owned by charitable trusts. Includes the National Trust.

Private Museums owned by a private individual or for profit company.

Other Museums not included in the above categories and those which fall into more than one of the above categories.

The MLA Accreditation Scheme sets nationally agreed standards for UK museums. To qualify, museums must meet clear basic requirements on how they care for and document their collections, how they are governed and managed, and on the information and services they offer to their users.

Further information is available from: www.mla.gov.uk/website/programmes/accreditation

Number of libraries

	2004-05	Source
National	3	<i>British Library, 2006</i>
Public libraries	3,474	<i>CIPFAC, 2006</i>
Academic libraries	690	<i>SCONUL, 2006</i>
FE (2002-03)	500	<i>CILIP, 2003</i>
Secondary school	6,400	<i>CILIP, 2002</i>

National The British Library has three service points.

Public libraries Figure is for public library service points (inc. mobile) in England. Does not include service points in institutions.

Academic libraries Service points in higher education institutions.

FE and **Secondary school** UK estimate 2001-02.

Number of archives

National	77
Local authority	496
University	284
Special	1,100
Business	51
Total	2,008

Source: ARCHON (July 2006)

National refers to institutions, including The National Archives, and activities within The British Library and national museums and galleries.

Business refers to Company archives.

Special refers to Archives not falling into the other categories.

Employment

People employed by the museums, libraries and archives sector (2003)

Core *	63,570
of which, male	42%
female	58%
of which, full-time	52%
part-time	48%
Wider sector ■	23,770
Self-employed ■	1,490
Total	88,830

Source: MLA, 2005 (taken from *ONS Annual Business Inquiry; ■ ONS Labour Force Survey)

Core employees includes those employed in standalone institutions that are solely in the business of being a museum, library or archive – such as public libraries, independent museums, and the ‘nationals’ (eg the British Museum, Tate, The National Archives etc).

Wider sector employees are Archivists, Curators or Librarians, working in museums, libraries and archives which are part of other organisations such as archives in private businesses, libraries in pharmaceutical companies, academic libraries in education institutions and military museums.

Figures exclude library assistants and records management staff.

Number working in museums

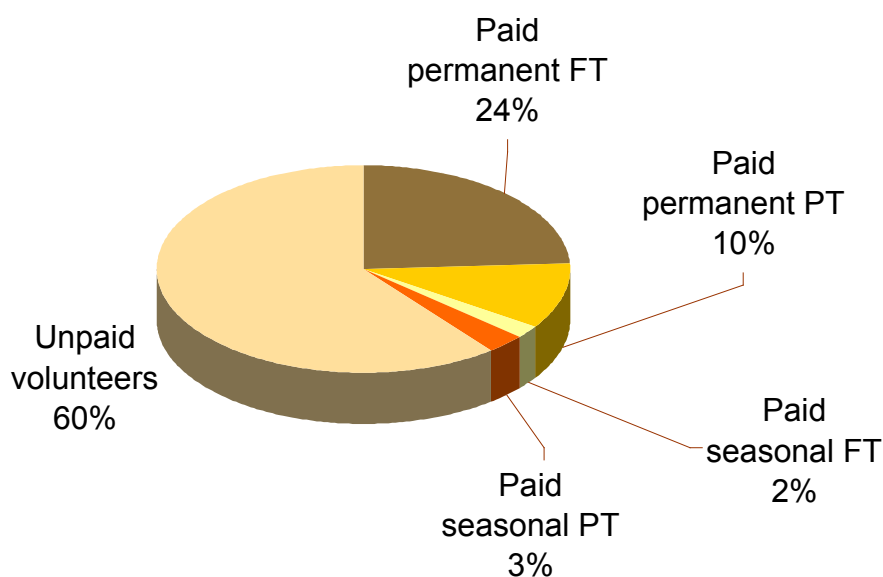
Local authority *	4,374
All museums (2003) ■	27,600

Source: * CIPFAC, 2006; ■ MLA, 2005

* Staff in position on 31 March 2005.

■ Figure for people working in ‘museums activities and preservation of historical sites and buildings’.

Museums and galleries staff by employment type (2005)



FT – full-time
PT – part-time

Source: VisitBritain, 2006b

Number working in libraries (Full Time Equivalent – FTE)

	31 March 2005		31 March 2000		Source
	Professional staff	Total staff	Professional staff	Total staff	
Public libraries	5,033	21,691	5,284	20,966	CIPFAc
Academic libraries *	3,190	9,470	3,030	9,030	SCONUL
National	n/k	2,252	950	2,340	British Library, 2006

* Staff in post at 31 July 2005.

Number working in local authority archives (FTE)

	31 March 2005	31 March 2000
Number of people employed	1,238	1,140
of which archivists	30.5%	33.8%
of which conservation staff	7.4%	7.7%
of which records management staff	6.0%	n/k

Source: CIPFAa

Expenditure

Museums expenditure (£m)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
DCMS museums and galleries	294.7	361.9	353.6	262.8	204.4
of which, resources	252.6	319.0	315.0	262.6	172.7
of which, capital	42.1	42.9	38.6	0.2	31.7

Source: DCMS, 2006a

Local authority museums	213.1	150.6	168.9	173.9	169.4
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Source: CIPFAB

Figures for local authority museums are revenue expenditure (ie do not include capital expenditure).

Revenue expenditure is spending on the day-to-day running expenses of the service, so called because it is the cost of resources used up in the process of generating revenue.

This is distinct from **capital expenditure**, which reflects the amount spent to acquire or improve long-term assets such as premises purchase or renovation and major equipment purchase.

Total library expenditure (£m)

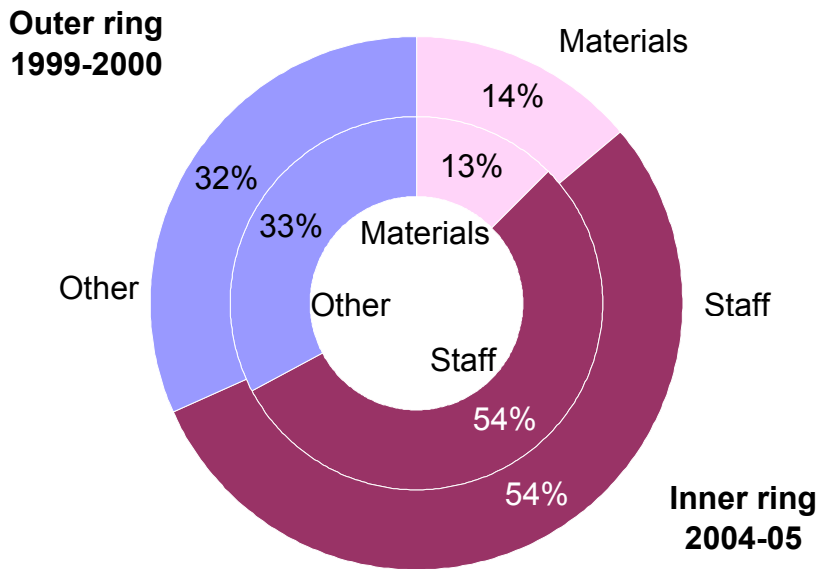
	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01	Source
Public libraries	912	879	846	780	731	CIPFAC
Academic libraries	433	414	384	364	348	SCONUL
National	112	116	110	112	111	British Library, 2006

Public library detailed expenditure (£000)

	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Reference books	11,213	11,359	12,646	11,779	12,545
Adult fiction books	30,341	29,354	28,113	26,796	26,605
Adult non-fiction books	22,100	22,393	22,852	21,505	21,594
Children's books	15,309	14,884	14,473	13,688	14,447
Total books	78,964	77,982	78,089	73,011	75,173
Talking books	8,162	7,123	6,288	5,504	5,009
Videos and DVDs	8,563	7,478	5,884	5,262	4,948
All materials	115,130	111,044	107,218	102,391	102,291
Staff	496,938	470,425	432,063	420,457	401,308
Other	300,019	297,927	306,643	257,048	227,887

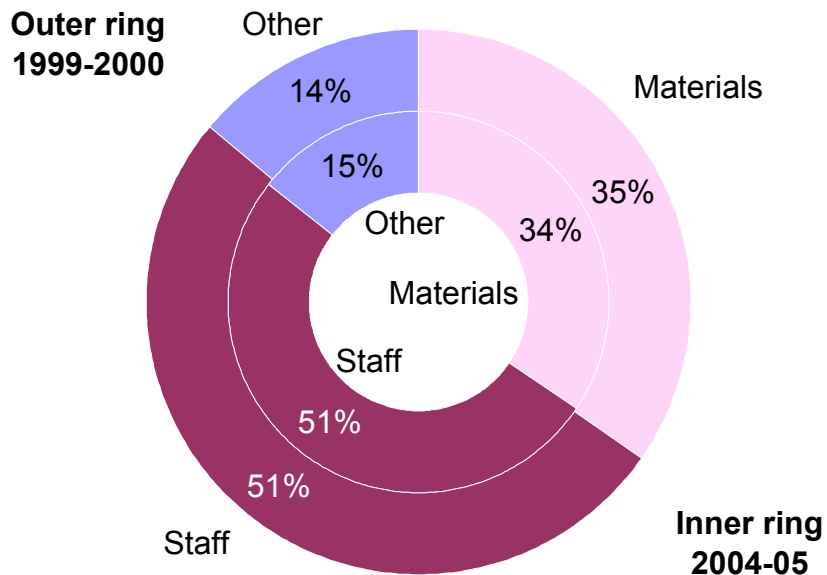
Source: CIPFAC

Breakdown of public library expenditure



Source: CIPFAc

Breakdown of academic library expenditure



Source: SCONUL

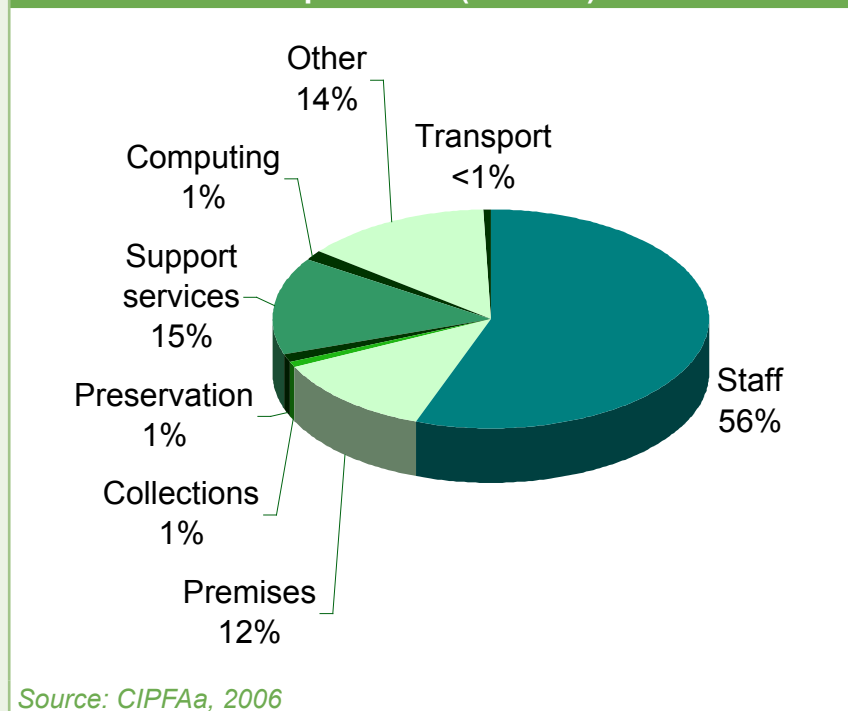
Archives expenditure (£m)					
	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Local authority archives					
Gross expenditure	54.3	49.5*	48.8*	43.4	40.6
Net expenditure	44.3	39.9*	39.0*	36.2	33.7
The National Archives					
Net expenditure	40.4	36.1	36.5	34.7	31.1

Source: CIPFAa; TNA

All figures are for revenue expenditure.

* Actuals

Breakdown of local authority archives revenue expenditure (2005-06)



Source: CIPFAa, 2006

Other expenditure comprises other supplies and services and capital charges.

Income

Heritage Lottery Funding for the sector (UK)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Museums & galleries	£101.4m	£120.3m	£93.7m	£99.9m	£90.6m
Number of awards	182	189	303	281	201
Libraries & archives	£12.7m	£35.7m	£17.0m	£21.0m	£17.9m
Number of awards	64	116	180	135	112

Source: From Heritage Lottery Fund

Local authority museums income (£m)

2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
35.8	29.8	25.9	40.9	40.1

Source: CIPFAB

Figures are for revenue (self-generated) income and exclude government grant income.

Libraries income (£000)

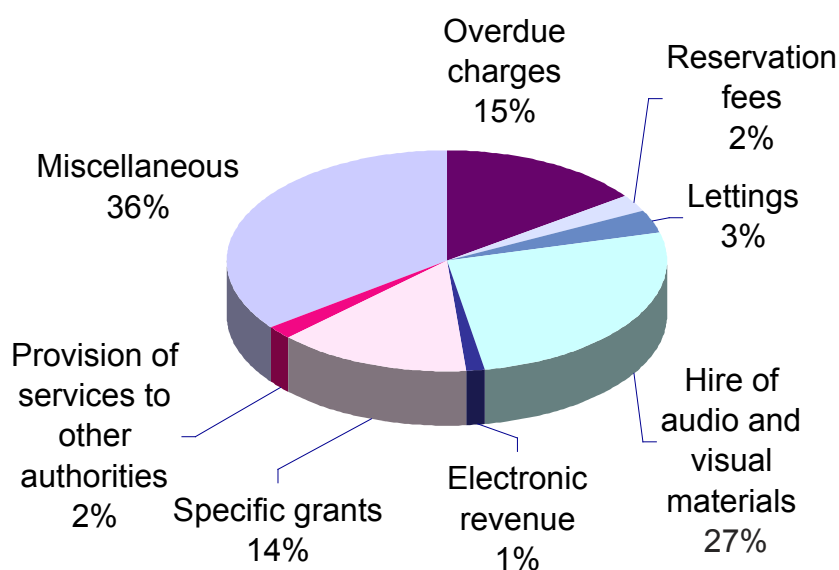
	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Public libraries *	96,584	99,390	120,129	94,362	77,932
Academic libraries *	60,329	58,250	54,237	56,728	53,729
National ■	24,520	25,423	27,068	28,290	27,068

Source: Public – CIPFAC; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

* Figures are for revenue (self-generated) income and exclude parent authority/institutional funding.

■ Excludes Grant-in-aid.

Breakdown of public library income (2004-05)



Miscellaneous includes services to other local authorities, receipts from the public (including photocopying) and corporate income.

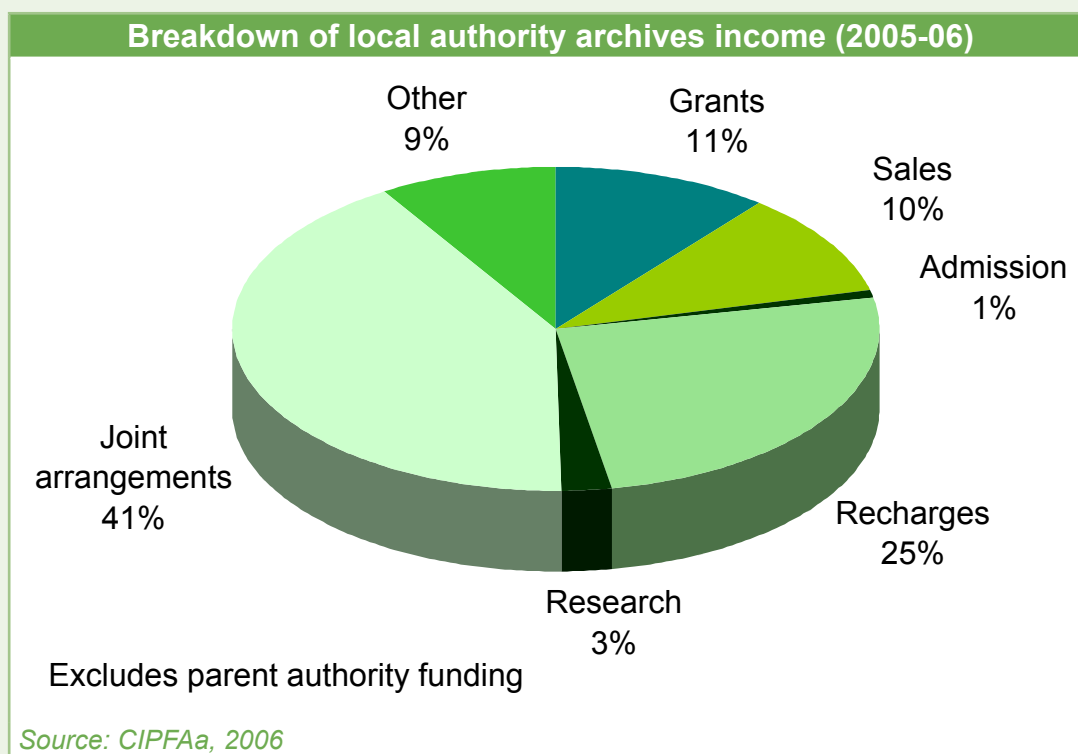
Source: CIPFAC, 2006

Local authority archives income (£m)				
2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
10.1	9.6*	9.8*	7.2	7.0

Source: CIPFAa

Figures are for revenue (self-generated) income and exclude parent authority funding.

* Actuals



Grants income includes monies from The Heritage Lottery Fund, the New Opportunities Fund and the European Regional Development Fund.

Other income includes donations and income from conserving and storing documents, hiring rooms and royalties.

Value

Museums – value and impact

Attitudes to Museums

Source

Percentage of visitors who thought the DCMS museum they visited was good / very good (2005-06) 95% *From DCMS*

Impact

Percentage of visitors who feel they have gained new knowledge from their museum visit 80% *Ipsos MORI, 2006*

- Excludes visitors to Sir John Soane's Museum and the Wallace Collection.

Libraries – value and impact

Percentage of users expressing their opinion about various aspects of public libraries	Very good	Good	Adequate	Poor	Very poor
Books and other materials	31.6%	46.7%	18.4%	2.9%	0.4%
Hours of opening	34.2%	44.7%	17.7%	2.9%	0.4%
Overall	48.8%	44.4%	6.3%	0.5%	0.1%

Source: CIPFAd, 2006

Archives – value and impact

Percentage agreeing that archives contribute to society by:		Strongly agree		Agree
providing opportunities for learning		63.9%		33.4%
preserving our culture and heritage		80.9%		18.3%
Percentage rating an archive's service overall as:	Very good	Good	Adequate	
	54.3%	41.3%	4.1%	

Source: Calculated from PSQG, 2006

Stock

Libraries bookstock (000)

	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Public libraries	84,546	86,841	90,566	92,363	94,322
HE libraries	92,819	91,291	89,192	88,819	86,175
National *	14,165	12,060	10,778	10,469	10,242

Source: Public – CIPFAC; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

* Includes monographs and serial volumes.

Libraries book acquisitions (000)

	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Public libraries	9,931	9,942	9,191	9,191	9,183
HE libraries	2,204	2,414	2,414	2,621	2,404
National ■	151	185	193	187	188

Source: Public – CIPFAC; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

■ Figure relates to monographs and includes official publications.

Detailed public libraries stock (000)

Books	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Adult fiction	21,610	22,054	22,864	23,555	244,465
Adult non-fiction	224,635	23,549	24,369	25,117	25,950
Children's	18,581	18,991	19,192	19,048	19,055
Audio-visual					
Music	2,183	2,311	2,404	2,413	2,527
Talking books	1,968	2,186	1,892	1,886	1,874
Video and DVD	2,149	2,063	1,886	1,635	1,615
Multi-media, open learning packs etc.	128	103	92	53	63
CD-ROMs, software, etc.	124	115	135	190	112

Source: CIPFAC

Detailed public libraries acquisitions (000)

Books	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Adult fiction	4,025	4,083	3,956	3,587	3,547
Adult non-fiction	2,450	2,378	2,509	2,289	2,289
Children's	3,112	3,108	3,075	2,927	2,909
Audio-visual					
Music	408	412	423	399	383
Talking books	365	341	308	281	274
Video and DVD	654	668	607	467	473
Multi-media, open learning packs etc	18	16	11	9	11
CD-ROMs, software, etc	26	46	54	118	49

Source: CIPFAC

Local authority archive holdings (m³)

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Archival	62,810	61,627	61,106	60,438	59,535
Records management	11,593	10,332	11,445	11,393	12,787
Other	3,375	6,132	3,168	3,155	3,939
Total	77,778	78,082	75,720	74,986	76,261

Source: CIPFAa

National Archives holdings (2005-06)

Estimated 176km of shelving

Source: TNA, 2006

Services

DCMS museums

Learners in on and offsite educational courses	10.4m
Children in on and offsite educational sessions	2.8m
Visits to websites (2005-06)	81.4m*

Source: From DCMS

* This is the number of unique website visits.

Libraries – internet

	2004-05	1999-2000
Number of web visits (000)		
Public libraries	19,058	n/k
National *	31,513	13,487
Number of workstations		
Public libraries		
Terminals with library catalogue and internet access	30,213	n/k
OPACs with no internet access available for public use	5,413	n/k
Electronic workstations available to users per 10,000 population	1,030	n/k
Academic libraries	38,500	28,300
National ■	492	432

Source: Public – CIPFAC; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

* Page hits.

■ Includes typing, online catalogues, microform, internet, CD-ROM access and study carrels.

Libraries – enquiries satisfied (000)

	2004-05	1999-2000
Public libraries	48,435	52,183
University libraries	9,486	11,888

Source: Public – CIPFAC, Academic – SCONUL

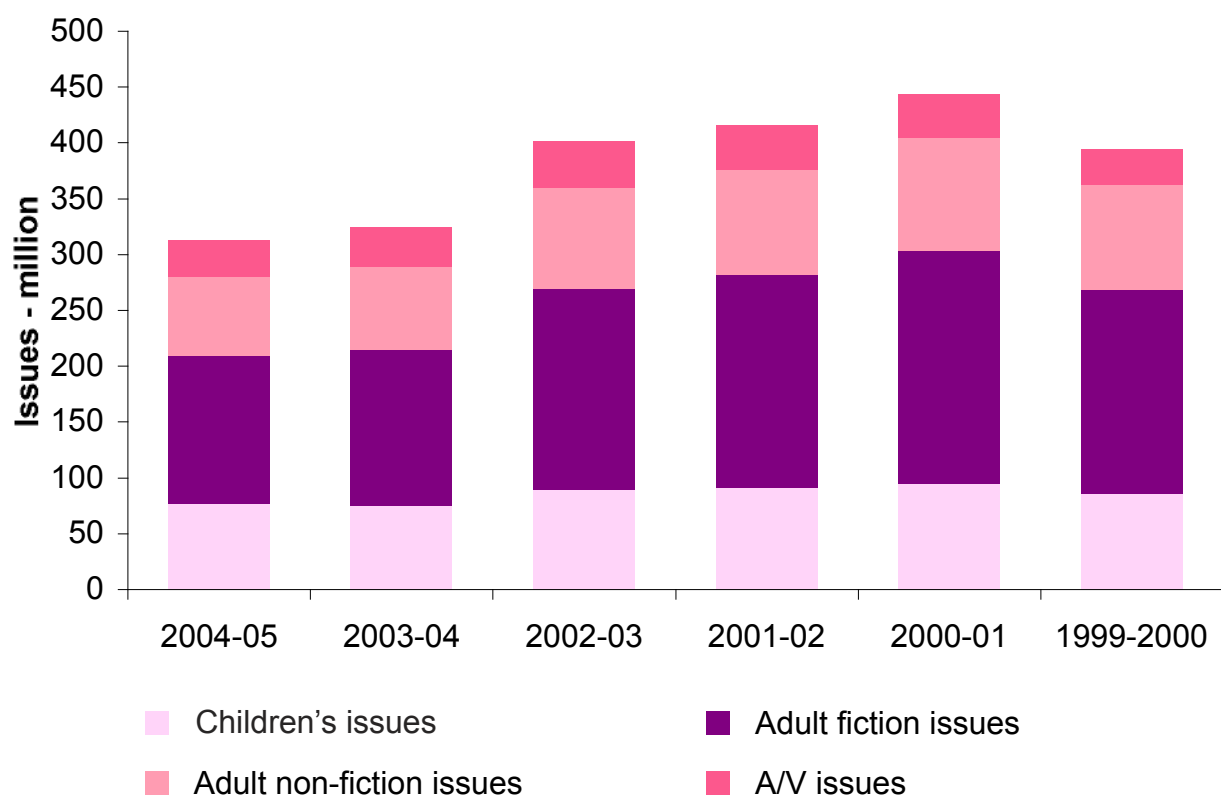
Libraries – issues (000)

Books	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Public libraries	279,923	289,215	305,075	318,284	342,772
Children's issues	76,733	75,013	76,725	78,019	81,165
Adult fiction issues	132,494	139,777	149,042	158,295	172,648
Adult non-fiction issues	70,544	74,435	78,635	81,366	88,394
Academic libraries	79,034	77,651	73,640	69,565	65,625
National *	5,292	5,320	8,182	8,515	8,322
Book issues per capita in public libraries	5.6	5.8	6.2	6.5	6.9
Book issues per FTE student in academic libraries	56.8	55.1	53.6	53.4	51.7
Audio-visual					
Public libraries	33,005	35,054	36,148	34,682	33,530
Talking books	11,056	11,280	11,599	11,061	11,223
Video and DVD	13,459	14,452	14,060	12,316	11,887
Music	7,504	8,038	8,957	9,441	9,234
Multi-media and Open Learning Packs	460	760	743	602	597
CD-ROMs, software, etc	522	526	789	1,285	588

Source: Public – CIPFAc; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

* Number of items supplied/consulted remotely and onsite.

Public libraries – issues



Source: CIPFAc

Busiest libraries – in terms of issues (2004-05)

Library	Authority	Total no. of issues
Norfolk & Norwich Millennium	Norfolk	1,023,881
Milton Keynes Central	Milton Keynes	833,389
Chelmsford	Essex	829,774
Colchester	Essex	798,127
Southend	Southend-on-Sea	725,236
Oxford Central	Oxfordshire	696,135
Birmingham Central	Birmingham	682,770
Nottingham Central	Nottingham	662,150
Croydon Central	Croydon	638,804
Chesterfield	Derbyshire	631,123

Source: CIPFAC, 2006

Busiest libraries – in terms of visits (2004-05)

Library	Authority	Total no. of visits
Birmingham Central	Birmingham	1,564,576
Norfolk & Norwich Millennium	Norfolk	1,414,345
Croydon Central	Croydon	1,022,435
Manchester Central	Manchester	1,020,812
Blackburn Central	Blackburn	991,976
Iford Central	Redbridge	989,849
Carlisle	Cumbria	947,968
Huddersfield	Kirklees	830,775
Eastbourne	East Sussex	784,033
Exeter Central	Devon	752,950

Source: CIPFAC, 2006

Local authority archives – activities

Local authority archives	2004-05	1999-2000
Exhibitions	229	175
Displays	669	418
Talks/lectures	2,721	2,358

Source: CIPFAa

Archives – use

Documents produced	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Local authority archives					
Document productions	–	1,588,768	1,222,704	1,164,980	1,515,276
Microform usage [^]	<i>n/a</i>	<i>n/a</i>	2,239,757	2,386,394	3,812,776
The National Archives [■]					
Document productions (originals)	602,218	554,489	543,956	536,745	545,385
Microform usage	389,312	421,620	457,482	533,595	414,134
Enquiries received					
Local authority archives					
Letters	–	88,083	89,041	101,719	106,337
Emails	–	145,530	125,073	114,146	81,995
The National Archives [*]					
Letters	7,644	8,639	7,127	8,687	9,902
Emails	28,944	38,619	15,736	11,937	9,450

Source: CIPFAa; From TNA

- [^] The majority of local authority archives do not submit returns for microform productions, because they do not quantify the use of film/fiches, or because they operate on a self-service basis. From 2004-05 onwards, data are no longer collected.
- [■] Excludes the Family Records Centre.
- ^{*} Includes the Family Records Centre.

Visits

Museum visits

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	Source
Local authority museums	–	22.9m	23.3m	25.4m	23.0m	CIPFAb
Average visits per person	–	0.46	0.47	0.51	0.46	
DCMS sponsored museums [*]	34.0m	36.1m	35.0m	33.6m	30.3m	From DCMS
Index of trends in visits to all museums	113	116	111	110	100	VisitBritain, 2006a

^{*} Excludes overseas visitors to Geffrye Museum and Royal Armouries.

See www.culture.gov.uk/what_we_do/Museums_galleries/sponsored_institutions.htm for a list of DCMS sponsored museums.

Museum visits – frequency

	2005-06	Source
Average visits per visitor to all museums ■	6.4	<i>Ipsos MORI, 2006</i>
Percentage of adults visiting at least one museum in last 12 months	42.8%	<i>DCMS, 2006b</i>
Percentage of adults visiting a museum in the last 12 months:		<i>DCMS, 2006b</i>
At least once per month	3.1%	
Less often, but at least 3-4 times per year	13.1%	
1-2 times per year	26.5%	
Not at all	57.2%	
Average repeat visits †	4.5	<i>Ipsos MORI, 2006</i>
Total repeat visits to DCMS museums *	17.9m	<i>From DCMS</i>

■ This figure reflects the average number of visits to any museums or art galleries (within and outside the UK), other than where questioned.

† This average number of times a museum visitor visits the same museum in the year.

* Data for 2004-05.

Top ten most visited museums

	Visits in 2005
British Museum	4,536,064
National Gallery	4,202,020
Tate Modern	3,902,017
Natural History Museum	3,078,346
Science Museum	2,019,940
Victoria and Albert Museum	1,920,200
Tate Britain	1,738,520
National Portrait Gallery	1,539,766
Royal Observatory	848,670
National Railway Museum, Yorkshire	769,445

Source: VisitBritain, 2006a

Main reason for attending at least one museum or gallery during the past 12 months by different frequencies of attendance (2005-06)

	At least once a month (%)	Less often but at least 3-4 times a year (%)	1-2 times a year (%)	Overall (%)
To see an exhibition/display	42.9	36.5	26.3	30.8
General interest in the subject of the museum/collection	30.1	28.2	29.8	29.3
Something to interest the children	9.2	13.9	16.7	15.2
Been before and wanted to go again	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.6
For an event, activity or workshop	3.2	1.2	1.3	1.4
As part of a group or tour	2.1	4.3	6.5	5.5
Other reasons	8.5	4.6	3.5	4.0
To meet people	<0.05	2.6	4.7	3.7
Reference to sightseeing/being on holiday/a day out etc	<0.05	2.4	4.6	3.7
Any references to spontaneous decision	<0.05	2.3	3.3	2.8

Source: DCMS, 2006b

Library visits (000)

	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02	2000-01
Public libraries	288,360	285,397	273,993	270,775	275,643
Academic libraries	99,739	100,734	96,551	95,762	97,124
National	394	398	408	432	456

Source: Public – CIPFAc; Academic – SCONUL; National – British Library

Library visits – frequency (2005-06)

Percentage of adults attending at least one library during the past 12 months	48.3%
Frequency of visits of those attending at least one library during the past 12 months:	
At least once per week	7.8%
Less often, but at least once per month	16.7%
Less often, but at least 3-4 times a year	13.4%
1-2 times a year	10.3%
Not visited in past year	51.8%

Source: DCMS, 2006b

Main reason for attending at least one library during the past 12 months by different frequencies of attendance (2005-06)

	At least once a week (%)	Less often but at least once a month (%)	Less often but at least 3-4 times a year (%)	1-2 times a year (%)	Overall (%)
To borrow/return/renew books	65.7	68.5	51.9	37.5	56.6
To use computers/internet	8.7	5.1	7.4	7.4	6.8
To browse/read	7.7	5.9	9.3	12.8	8.6
Accompany children	7.2	9.3	12.4	11.9	10.5
To research/study	2.5	2.2	4.1	6.7	3.8
To borrow/return/renew audio-visual material	2.3	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.1
To find out information on local area/services	2.1	2.3	5.3	10.4	5.0
To attend an event/exhibition	1.3	<0.05	1.1	1.5	<0.05
Happened to be passing by	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.2	<0.05
To use photocopier/fax	<0.05	<0.05	1.2	2.2	<0.05
Other reasons	2.5	2.3	2.8	4.2	4.7

Source: DCMS, 2006b

Archive visits

	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02
Local authority archives	–	788,050	759,640	836,234	808,160
Attendance at talks/lectures	–	83,467	66,673	61,550	62,897
The National Archives, Kew	108,583	103,527	103,957	108,458	106,006
The Family Records Centre	155,075	181,347	177,949	192,503	158,312

Source: CIPFAa; from TNA

Users

Museum visitors (2004-05)

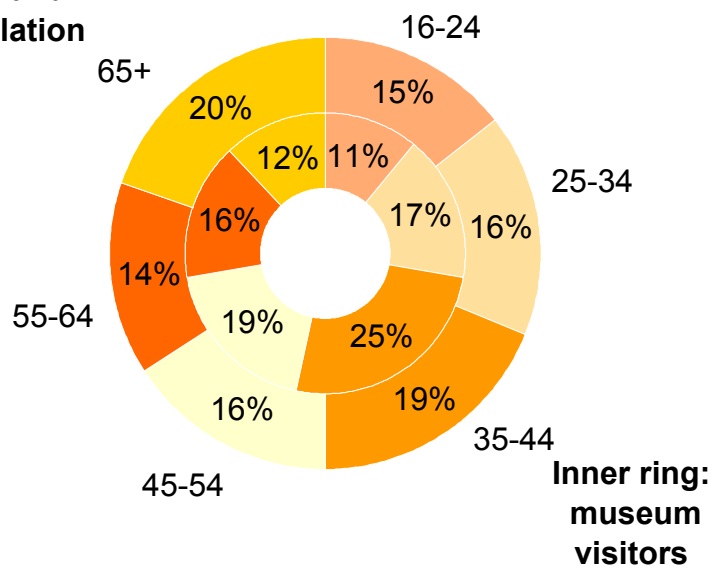
Male *	46%
Female *	54%
Adult ■	70%
DCMS museums ■■	78%
Child ■	30%
DCMS museums ■■	22%
Overseas	23%
DCMS museums ■■ +	25%

Source: * Ipsos MORI, 2006;
 ■ VisitBritain, 2006b;
 ■■ From DCMS

+ Excludes overseas visitors to the Geffrye Museum and Royal Armouries.

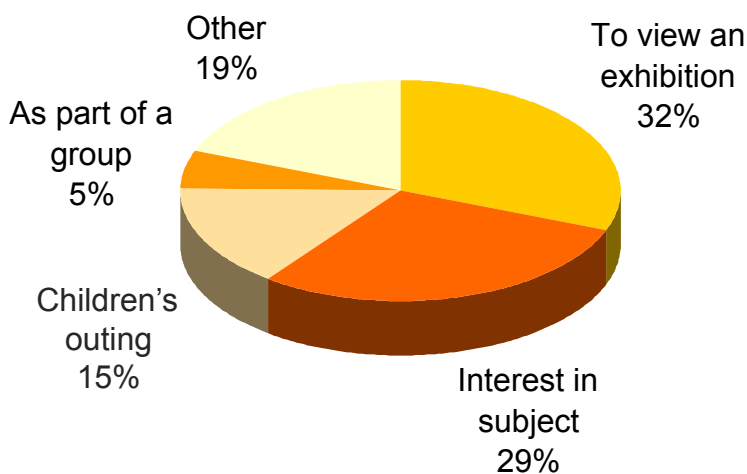
Museum visitors age profile (2005)

**Outer ring:
England
population**



Source: Ipsos MORI, 2006; ONS

Main reason for attending at least one museum or gallery during the past 12 months (2005-06)

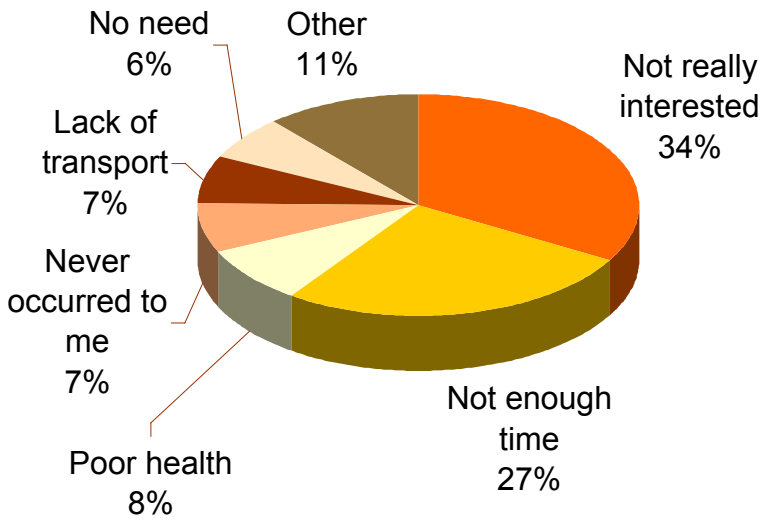


Source: DCMS, 2006b

Other reasons include:

- to meet people
- reference to sightseeing/being on holiday/a day out etc
- been before and wanted to go again
- any references to spontaneous decision
- for an event, activity or workshop

Main reason for non-attendance at museums and galleries during the past 12 months (2005-06)

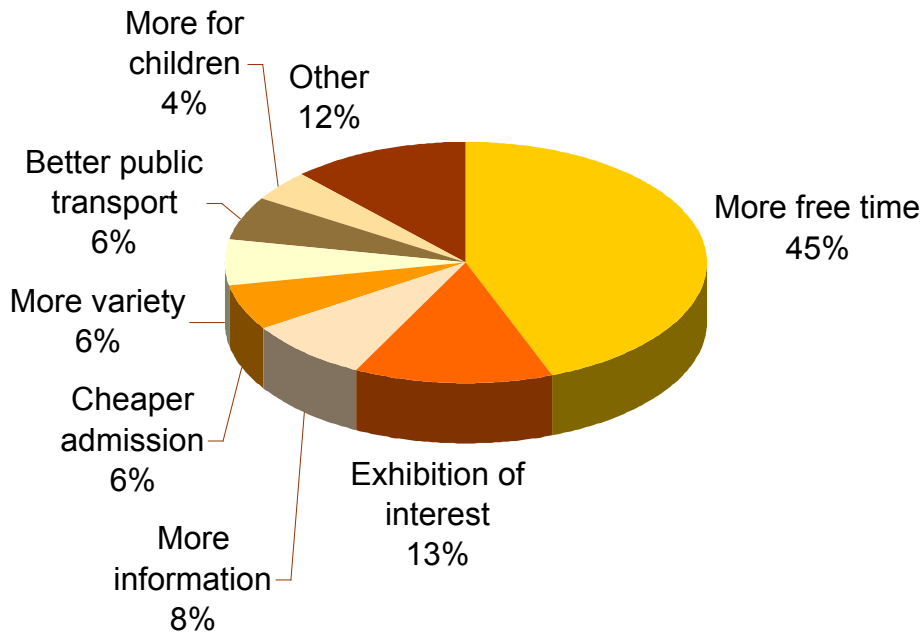


Other reasons include:

- it costs too much
- have been in past/no need to go again
- I wouldn't enjoy it

Source: DCMS, 2006b

Main factor that would encourage those who already visit museums or galleries 1-2 times a year to go more often (2005-06)



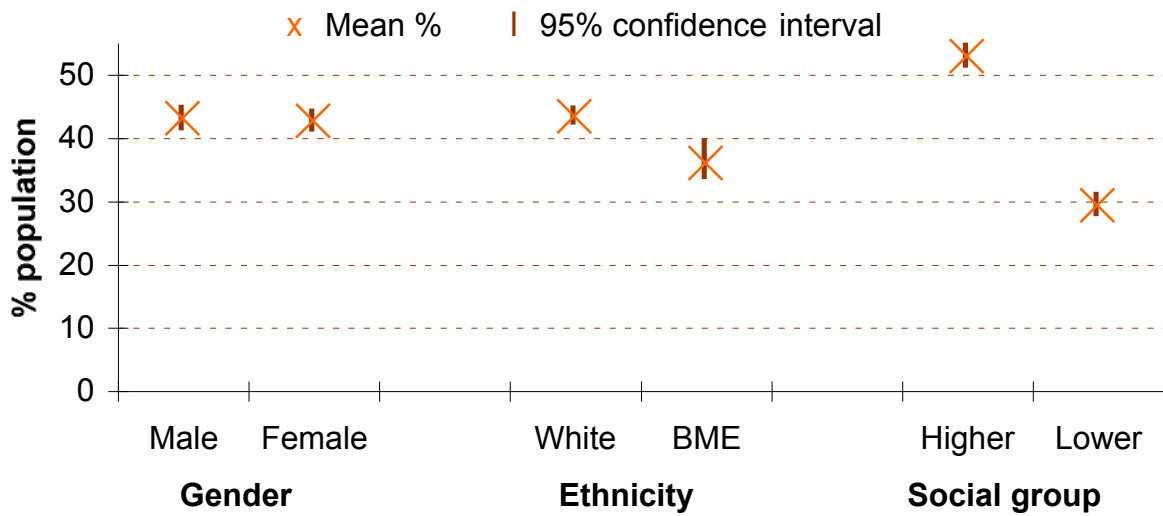
Other reasons include:

- if it was less busy there
- special talks/lectures
- if I had someone to go with
- if I had better health
- better facilities eg café, toilets, parking
- longer opening hours

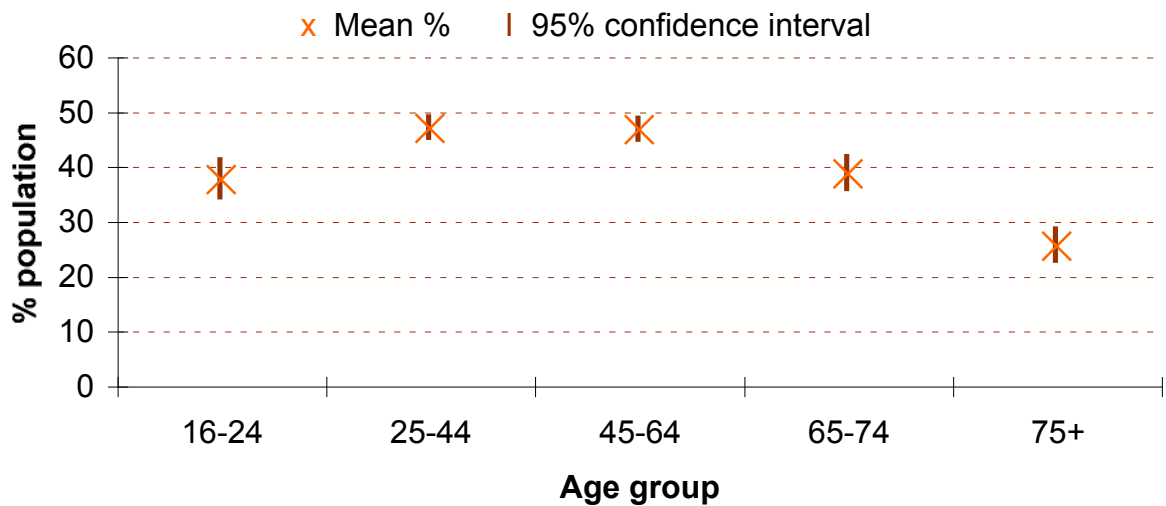
Source: DCMS, 2006b

Attendance to at least one museum or gallery during the past 12 months (2005-06)

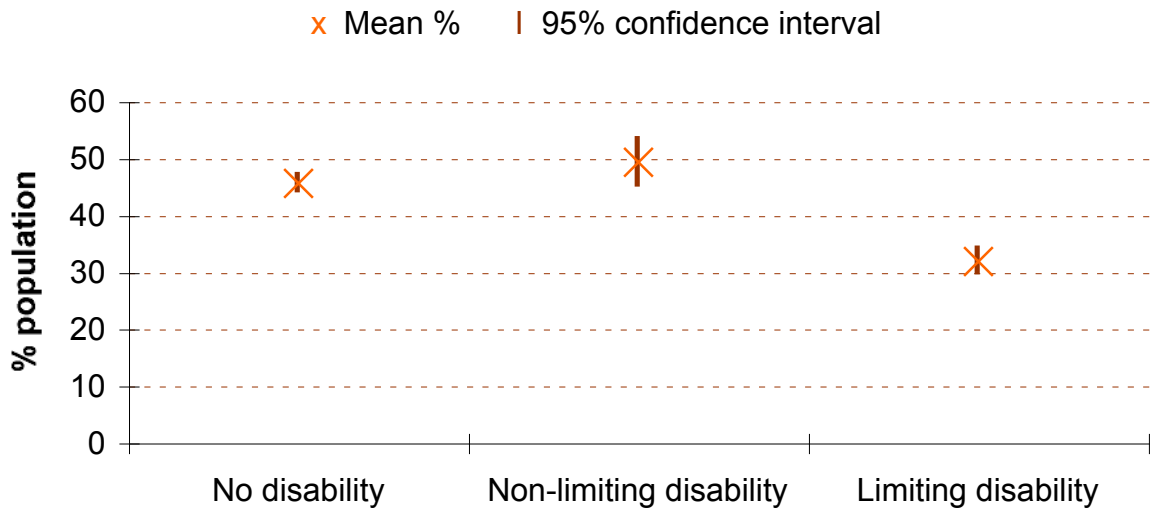
By gender, ethnicity and socio-economic group



By age



By disability

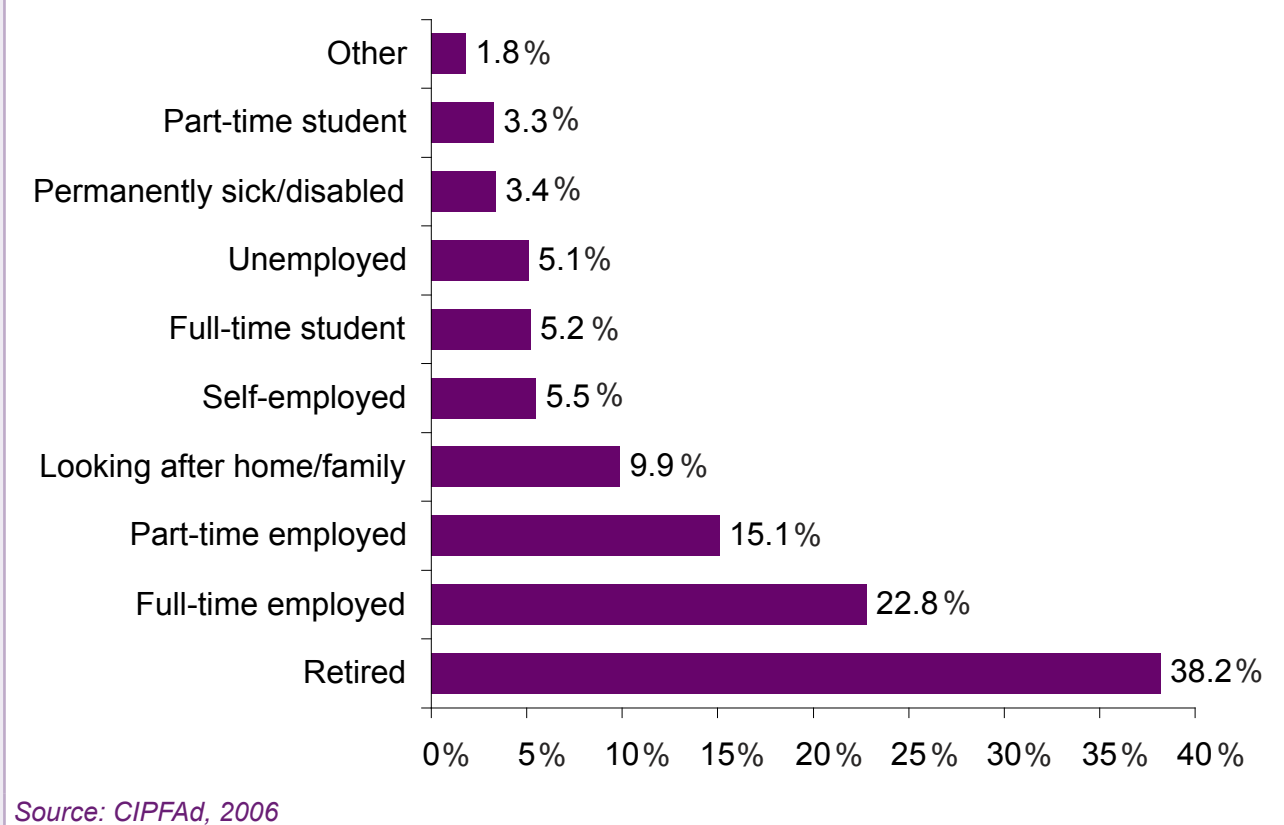


Source: DCMS, 2006b

Public libraries			
	2004-05	1999-2000	Source
Population	50,091,700	49,752,800	CIPFAd
Public library members *	29,053,000	28,857,000	LISU

* Figures based on an estimate of 58% of the population holding a library card.

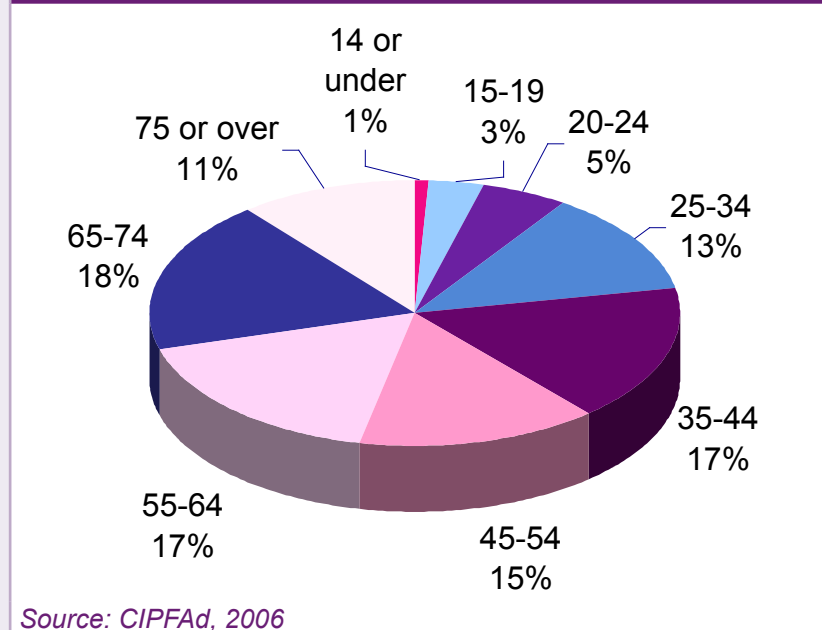
Status of users of public libraries (2004-05)



Source: CIPFAd, 2006

The total is higher than 100% because respondents were able to select more than one option.

Age of users of public libraries (2004-05)



Source: CIPFAd, 2006

Survey of adult library users only.

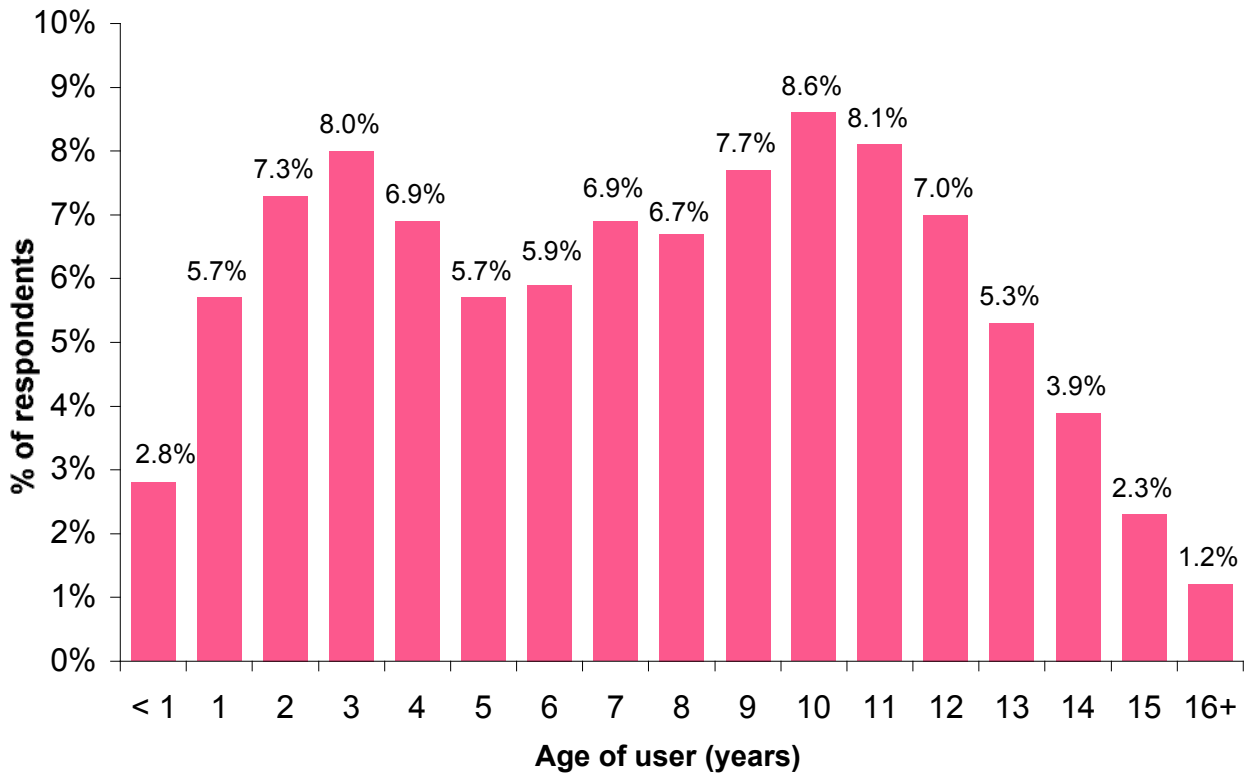
Public library users (2004-05)

	Male	Female
Adults	41%	59%
Children	45%	55%

Source: CIPFAd, 2006; CIPFAe, 2006

Child users - 82% have their own library card.

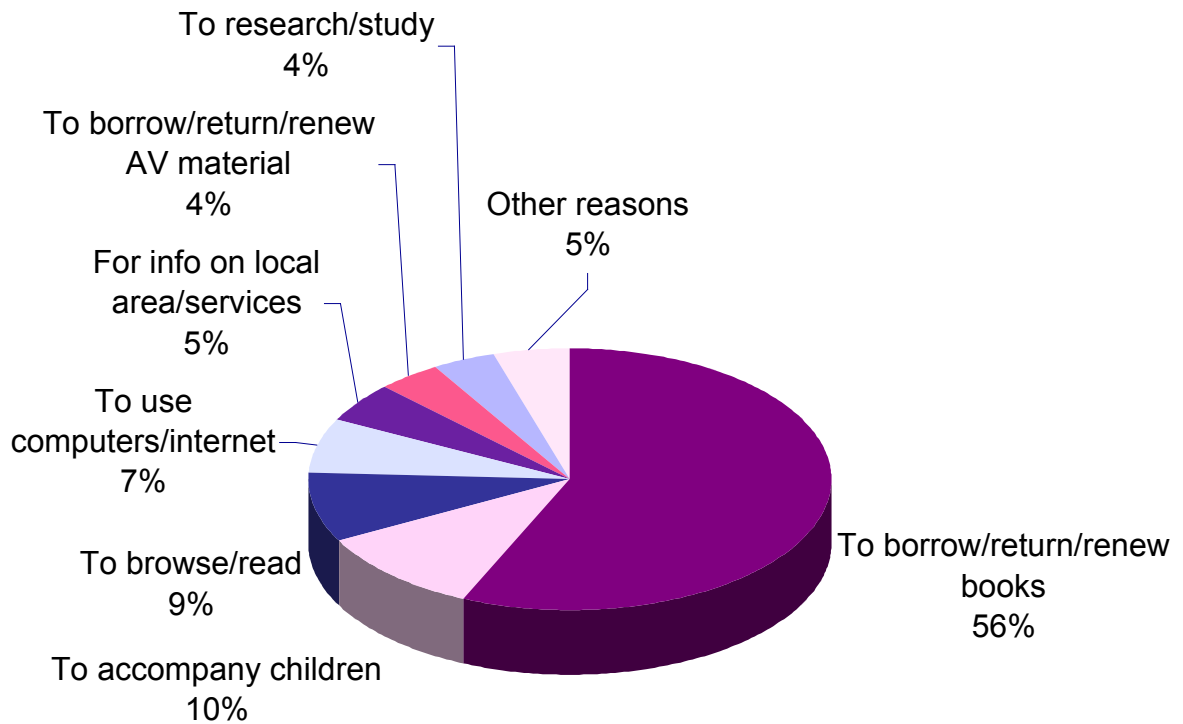
Age of child users of public libraries



Source: CIPFAe, 2006

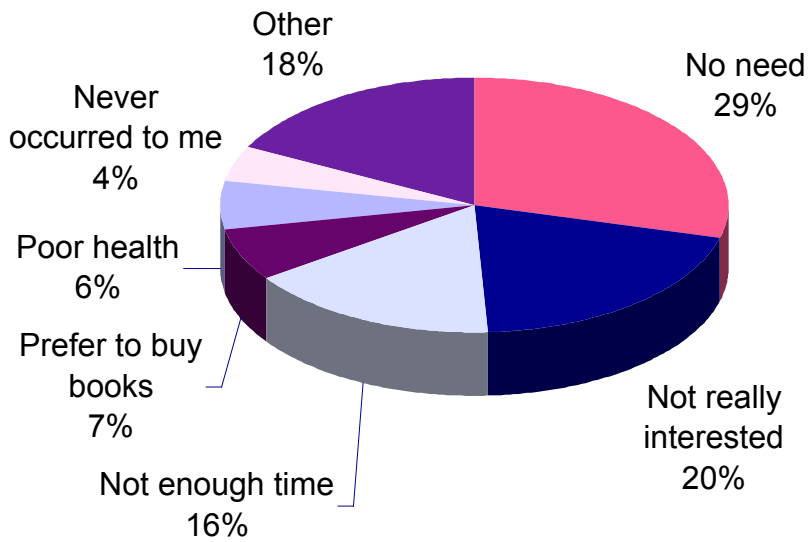
The survey relates to users up to age 16.

Main reason for attending a library during the past 12 months (2005-06)



Source: DCMS, 2006b

Main reason for non-attendance at libraries during the past 12 months (2005-06)

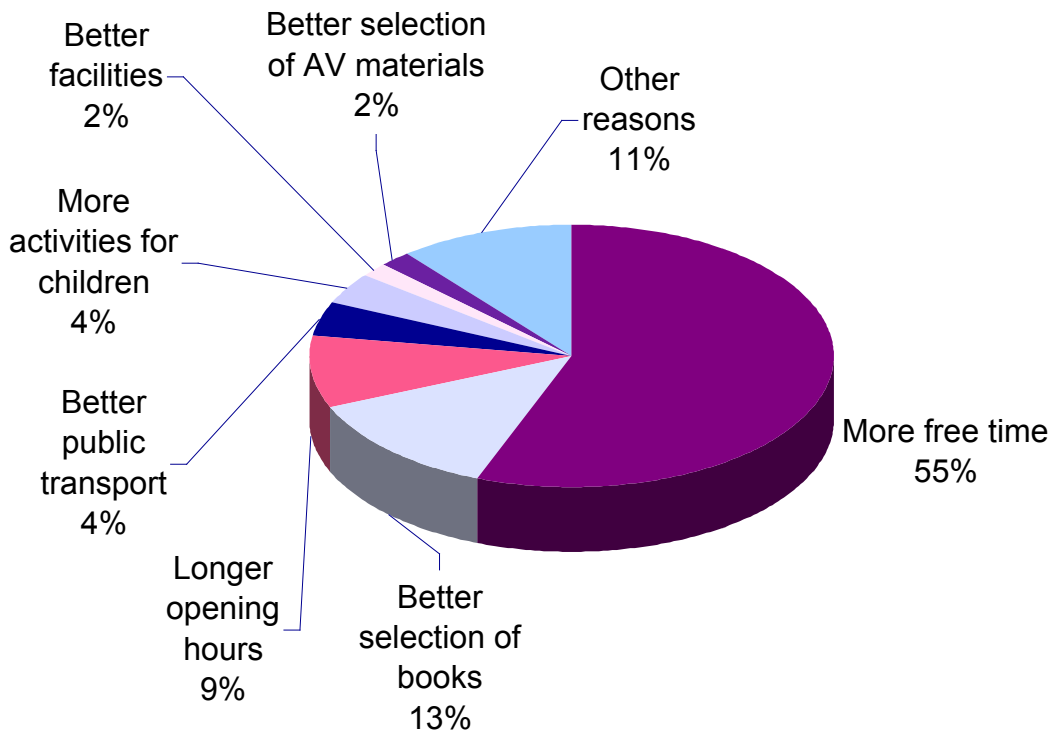


Other reasons include:

- use internet instead
- lack of transport/I can't easily get to it
- get books from other sources
- do not read much
- have enough books at home
- no books in my language

Source: DCMS, 2006b

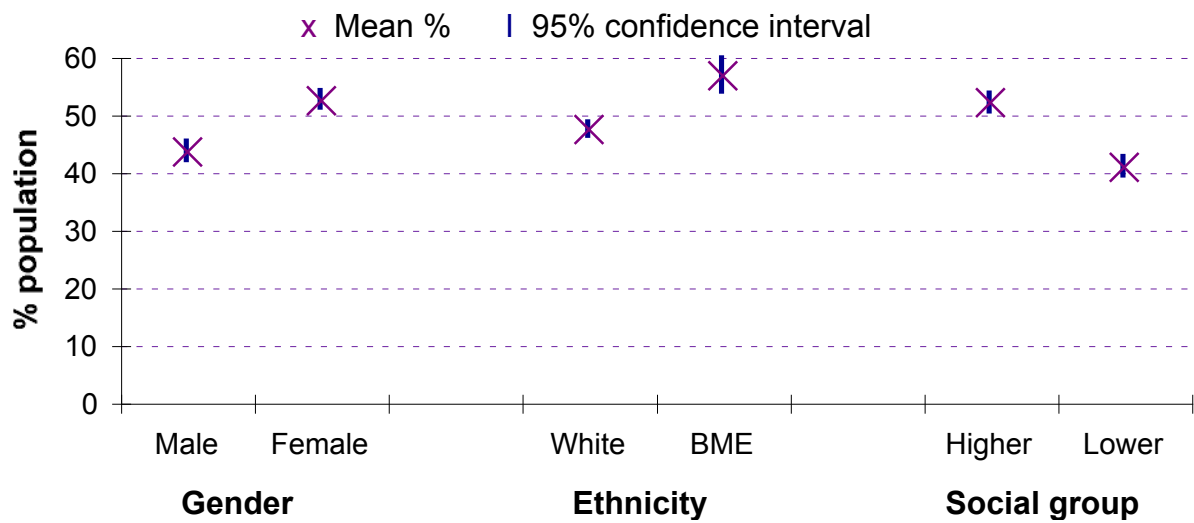
Main factor that would encourage those who already visit libraries 1-2 times a year to go more often (2005-06)



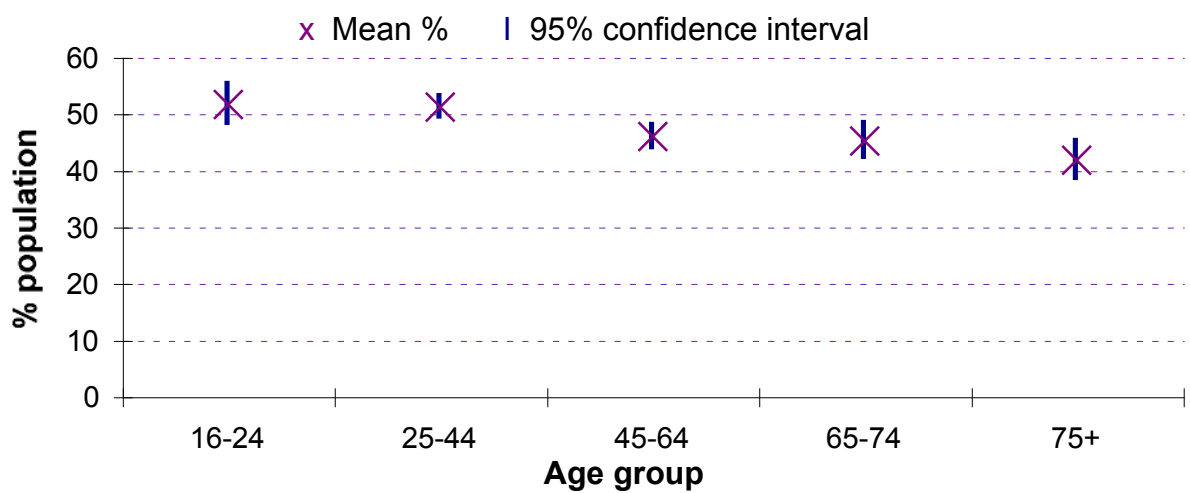
Source: DCMS, 2006b

Attendance to at least one library during the past 12 months (2005-06)

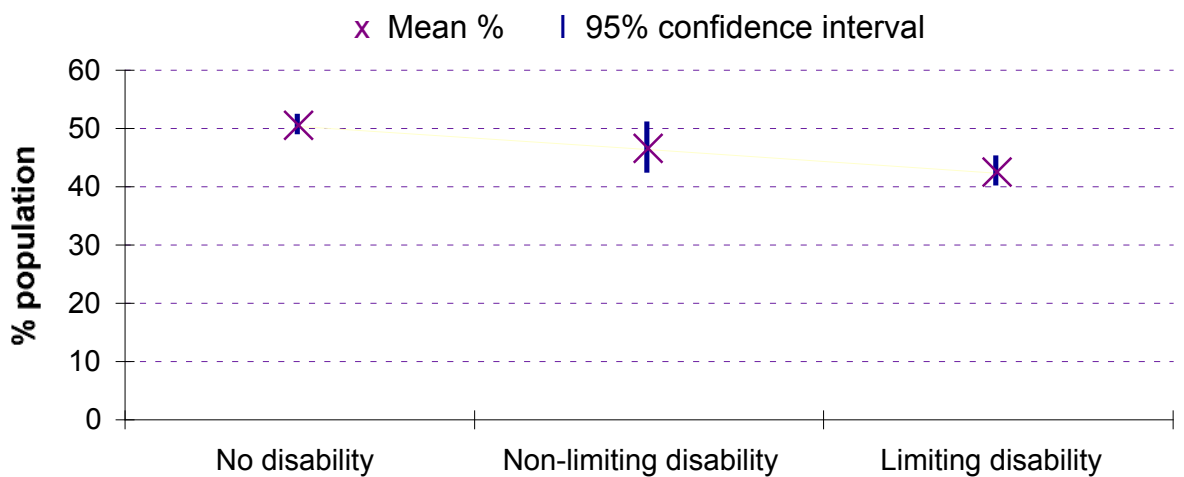
By gender, ethnicity and socio-economic group



By age

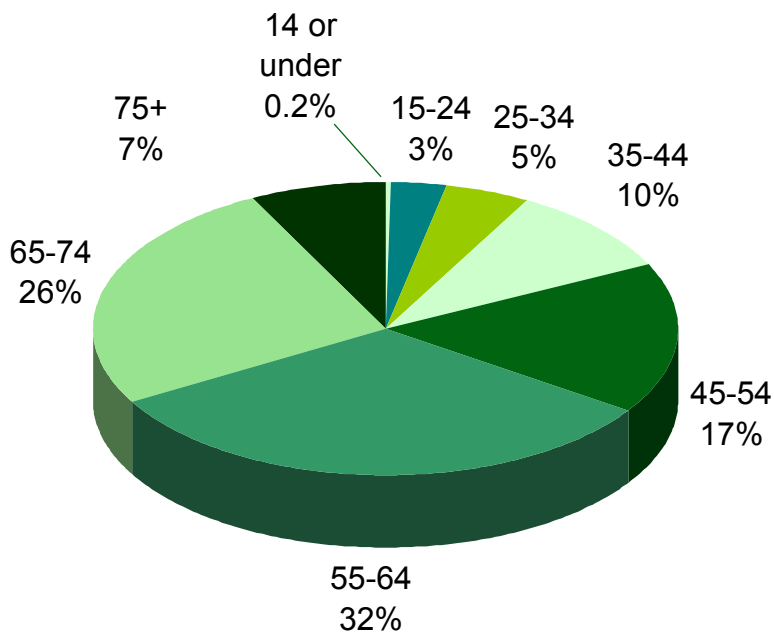


By disability



Source: DCMS, 2006b

Visitors to archives by age and gender (2004-05)



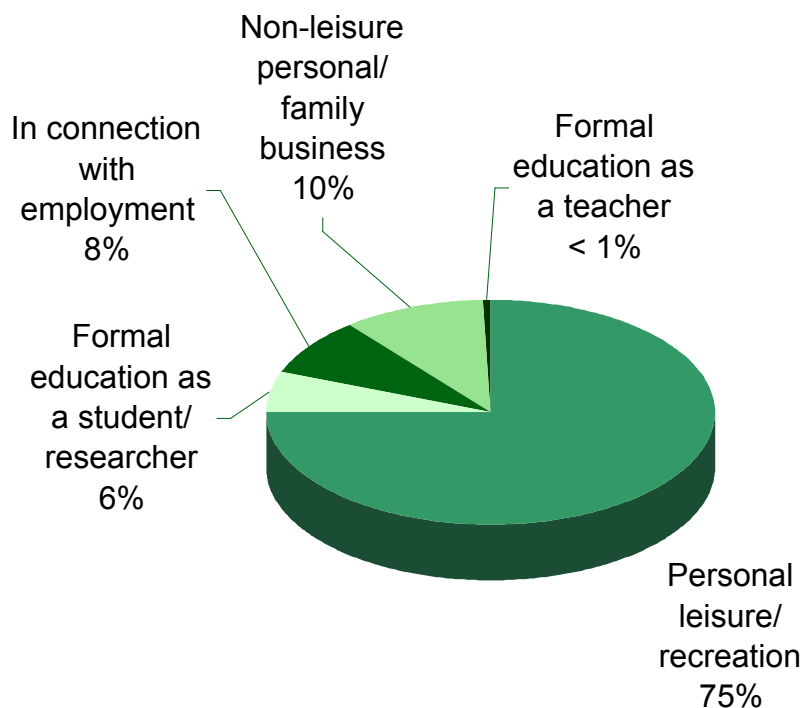
Source: Calculated from PSQG, 2006

Archive users

Male	50.5%
Female	49.5%

Source: Calculated from PSQG, 2006

Main purpose in visiting an archives service (2004-05)



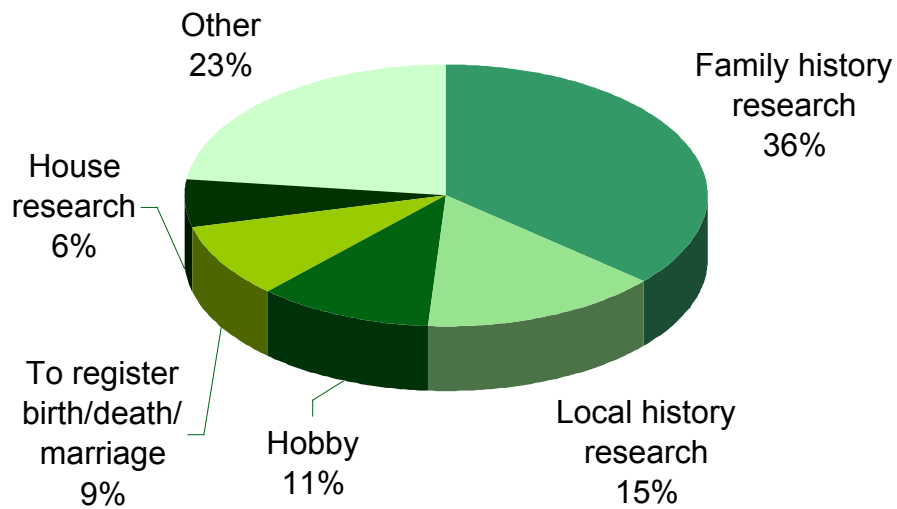
Source: Calculated from PSQG, 2006

Dwell time of visitors to archives

Up to 1 hr	10.4%
1-2 hrs	23.4%
2-3 hrs	27.1%
3-5 hrs	23.6%
5hrs +	15.5%

Source: Calculated from PSQG, 2006

Main reason for attending at least one archive during the past 12 months (2005-06)

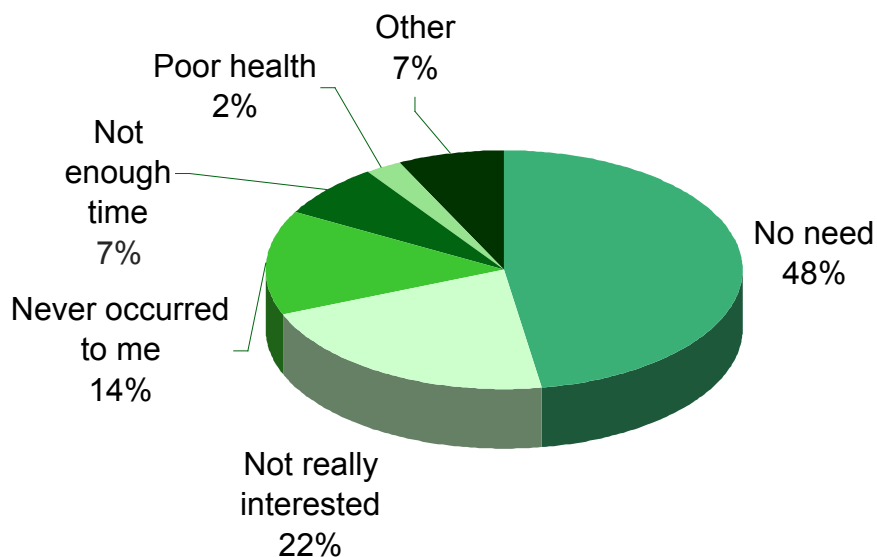


Source: DCMS, 2006b

Other reasons include:

- to carry out research for others
- visits as part of voluntary or paid work
- for study purposes
- to see if there is any personal information held
- to give or loan something to the archive

Main reason for non-attendance at archives during the past 12 months (2005-06)



Source: DCMS, 2006b

Other reasons include:

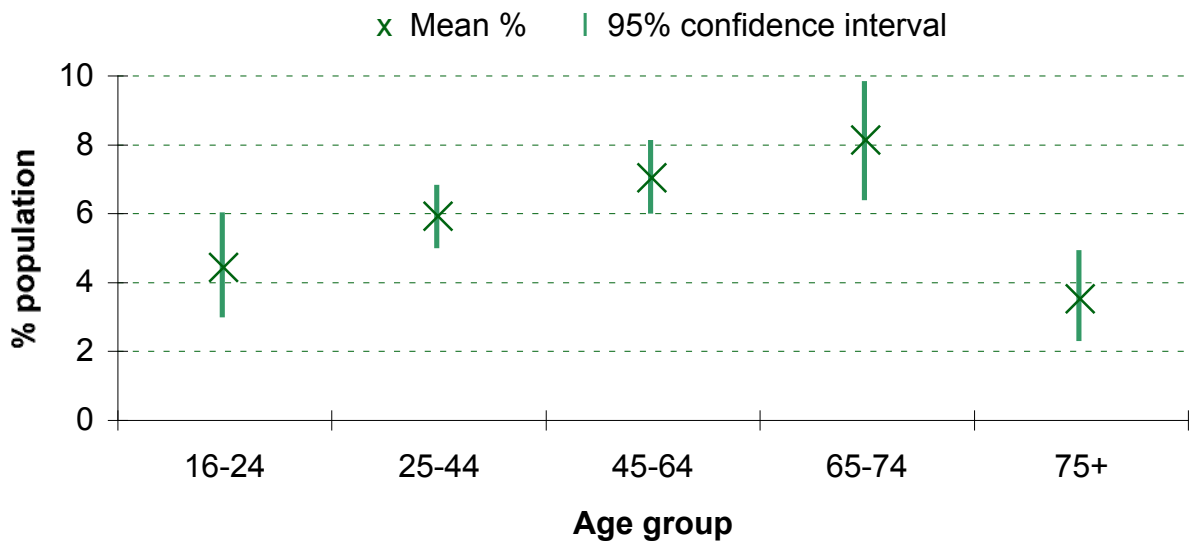
- access records via internet instead
- I wouldn't enjoy it
- not enough information on what is available

Attendance to at least one archive during the past 12 months (2005-06)

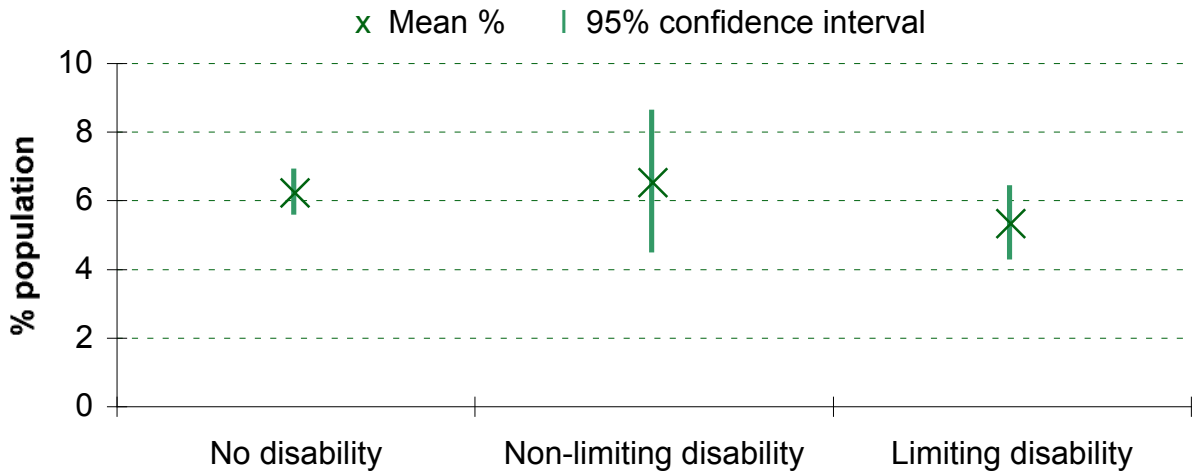
By gender, ethnicity and socio-economic group



By age



By disability



Source: DCMS, 2006b

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CIPFAb *Leisure and Recreation Statistics Estimates*. CIPFA, London. Annual

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CIPFAe *Children's Public Library User Survey*. CIPFA, London. Annual

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